NOTE: separate massing models and parking studies will further inform any revisions to the draft regulations. The table data reflects the current recommendations and what the analysis studies will be reviewing.

	Provincial Recommendations		Staff Recommendations for Residential Neighbourhood Zone
Regulation	Small lot (less than 1,215m ²) Site Standards B	Mid-size lot (1,215m ² – 4,050m ²) Site Standards C	Small lots =280m ² or less Mid-size lots >280-1,000 m ² Large lots >1,000m ²
Front Lot Line Setback	2m	4-6 m	6m
Comment	A reduction from 7.5 m which applies to most zones. 6 m is consistent with some smaller zones and be more compatible with existing streetscapes. 6m is consistent with provincial recommendations based on local site conditions where there is lack of sidewalks or public boulevards for trees. 6 m would support more permeable areas for stormwater, parking in front, future road dedication where needed, and tree retention. Variance to reduce it further could be considered, particularly small lots, at the time of development permit.		
Rear Lot Line Setback	1.5m	6 m for main buildings 1.5 for ADU's	7m 3m for habitable dwellings less than 4.5 m in height with no portion of roof above 5.5 m
Comment	Slight reduction from 7.5 m that applies to most zones and retain current 3 m for cottages for any dwellings less than 4.5 m in height. 7m would retain permeability, spatial separation between neighbours, provide useable open space, improve solar penetration and tree retention. A reduced setback of 3m for single storey dwellings is supportable due to lower massing and less impacts to neighbours, and allow for windows/openings in accordance with the BCBC than a smaller setback would		
Side Lot Line Setback	1.2m	3 m combined	 1.5 m for buildings or portions thereof up to 8 m in height 2.5 m for buildings or portions thereof up to 11 m in height 3.5 m where vehicular access to the rear is required for parking purposes
	Eliminate the current combined yard setback 1.5 m for smaller buildings is consistent with current regulations and can accommodate allowable projections, room for mechanical equipment such as HVAC, and allow for emergency response access. Including a DP guideline to address adequate space for emergency response access is recommended for consideration when the OCP is amended. 2.5 m for buildings up to 11 m would reduce impact on neighbours and provide area for pedestrian access where units entries are on the side, better passage for residents to/from the rear yard with bikes, strollers etc.		

Appendix B: Provincial Recommendations Consideration Table

	Provincial Recommendations		Staff Recommendations for Residential Neighbourhood Zone	
Regulation	Small lot	Mid-size lot	Small lots =280m² or less Mid-size lots	
	(less than	(1,215m ² -	>280-1,000 m ² Large lots >1,000m ²	
	1,215m²)	4,050m ²)		
	Site Standards B	Site Standards C		
Maximum	11m	11m	For lots less than 280m ² : 8 m / 2storeys For mid/large	
Height			lots: if there only 1 or 2 dwellings then 8 m	
			11 m / 3 storeys permitted for buildings with 3 or more units	
Comment			on for missing middle developments while gle/two family dwellings	
Maximum No.	3	3	2 on small lots	
Storeys			3 on mid and large lots	
Comment		ns do not specify the ald be consistent with	number of storeys h the provincial recommendations	
Maximum Lot	50%	40%	Dependent upon the number of units Small lots:	
Coverage			1-2 units 40%/ 3 units 50%	
			Mid-size: 1-2 units 35%/3-4 units 45%	
			Large lots: 1-2 units 30%/ 3-4 units 40%	
			5-8 units / 45%	
Comment	Current lot coverages range for 30% with additional 10% for cottages, to 50% Increase lot coverage provisions if there are 3 or more units			
Off-street Parking	1/unit ¹	1/unit ¹	1/unit	
Comment	For SSMUH developments with 3 or more units, reduce parking to 1/unit For SFD's or			
	duplexes the current regulations would still apply at 2/unit			
	For SSMUH housing this is reduced from current of 2 per single family dwelling and			
	•	+1 for accessory units, or 1.75 (including visitors) in apartments		
			r areas that do not have bus frequency	
			Mandated for Consideration	
Building	Delete building separation regulations from the zoning bylaw and rely on the BCBC to address			
separation –	separation			
existing		1		
Floor Area	Retain FAR as a key density regulation			
Ratio - existing	Like lot coverage, scale up the permitted FAR based on number of units Current			
	regulations are generally 0.45 or 0.5			
Side Lot Exterior -	Retain 0.45 or 0.5 for 1-2 units, 0.6-0.65 for 3-4 units, and 0.7 for 5 units or more			
existing	Retain 4.5 m for sight lines Consistent with MOTI guidelines for structures			
existing	Consistent with iv	io ii guideiiiles ioi si	riuctures	
Max House Sizes -	Delete max house size regulations			
existing	Max houses size regulations largely impacted lots larger than the minimum lot area. Under			
	new zoning max floor area would be based on the number of units			
	proposed.			
Minimum	Current regulations range from 10 to 26m			
frontage for	22 m should allow for 2 parking spaces (7.3 m x 2) with curb flares and a driveway (min. 6 m for			
subdivision -	2-way traffic)			
existing	The District will be updating a range of Engineering Master Plans and Specifications, including			
	more planning of	roadway uses for on	-street parking,	

Appendix B: Provincial Recommendations Consideration Table

	Provincial Recommendations		Staff Recommendations for Residential Neighbourhood Zone	
Regulation	Small lot (less than 1,215m²) Site Standards B street trees, storm	Mid-size lot (1,215m² – 4,050m²) Site Standards C nwater management	Small lots =280m² or less Mid-size lots >280-1,000 m² Large lots >1,000m² t, and pedestrian and cycling infrastructure. Currently on-	
	street parking is largely informal, but increasingly we are looking to formalize on-street parking as part of frontage improvements.			
Minimum lot area for subdivision - existing	750 m2 Slightly less than 780m2 that applies to the most common R-1 zone Still allows for additional new fee simple lots and for the largest parcels (eg. 3,000m2 or more) to subdivide to support additional small scale missing middle developments Future subdivisions are anticipated to be predominantly building stratas			
Detached accessory dwellings – existing	Within the Urban Containment Boundary these would simply be a detached dwelling with the permitted floor area determined for the entire property that can be split between the units in a variety of ways. References within the zone would be removed, however general regulations would still be valid to address rural /agricultural lands.			
Number of Residential Buildings - new	For small, mid, and large lots allow 1, 2, or 3 residential buildings respectively To encourage more attached forms of housing for energy efficiency, affordability, cluster massing/ reduce footprint, retain green space and support tree retention			
Min. Lot Area for Soft Landscaping – new	New regulation to ensure green spaces for vegetation/trees, soils for permeability, and small areas for biodiversity Ranges from 15% to 25% based on lot size			
Permitted Housing Forms – new Number of dwelling units – new	Support a range of typologies Retain single family dwelling as a permitted use to avoid creating legal non- conforming lots and supports continued use of SFDs for day cares or large families, while retaining potential to convert SFDs to multi-unit in the future Given the range of lot sizes in the District, allow for more dwellings on properties larger than 1,000m2 and avoid a need to subdivide to achieve additional housing units This would result in a more consistent pattern of development across the District when compared to an approach of continuing to create additional smaller lots that could result in more intensive infill developments, and it would support a greater range of missing middle housing types on larger lots while retaining a compatible build out density with smaller lots. This would also encourage the retention of larger lots and improve opportunities for site			
	layouts, consider a living space.	areas for environme	nprove tree retention, have more efficient parking ntal protection, and have area for well-designed outdoor door a zone ranges from 3 to a maximum of 8 units when lots	

 1 Where a site within 800 m of a transit stop with a minimum frequency then a mx of 0.5 applies. No bus routes in Central Saanich currently meet the threshold

Appendix B: Provincial Recommendations Consideration Table

	Provincial Recommendations		Staff Recommendations for Residential Corridor Zone	
Regulation	Small lot	Mid-size lot	Small lots =280m ² or less Mid-size	
	(less than	(1,215m ² -	lots >280-1,000 m ² Large lots	
	1,215m ²)	4,050m ²)	>1,000m ²	
	Site Standards B	Site Standards C	,	
Front Lot Line	2m	4-6 m	4m	
Setback				
Comment	A reduction from 7.5 m which applies to most zones. 4 m is consistent with provincial recommendations, corridor developments apply where sidewalks exist or would be constructed 4 m would encourage parking in the rear or enclosed and support a greener streetscape than a 2 m setback. Regulations allow for higher density than the neighbourhood zone and bringing the development closer to the street signals visually you are entering a more dense,			
	pedestrian area.			
Rear Lot Line Setback	1.5m	6 m for main buildings 1.5 for ADU's	7m 3m for habitable dwellings less than 4.5 m in height with no portion of roof above 5.5 m	
Comment	Slight reduction from 7.5 m that applies to most zones and retain current 3 m for cottages			
	for any dwellings less than 4.5 m in height 7m would retain permeability, spatial separation between neighbours, provide useable open space, improve solar penetration and tree retention. With higher density along the corridor zone, parking in the rear would be encouraged. A 7 m setback would provide parking and vehicle maneuvering. A reduced setback of 3m for single storey dwellings is supportable due to lower massing and less impacts to neighbours, and allow for windows/ opening in accordance with the BCBC than a smaller setback would.			
Side Lot Line Setback	1.2m	3 m combined	 1.5 m for buildings or portions thereof up to 8 m in height 2.5 m for buildings or portions thereof up to 11 m in height 4.5 m where buildings vehicular access to the rear is required for parking purposes 	
Comment		nt combined yard se		
	1.5 m for smaller buildings is consistent with current regulations and can			
	accommodate allowable projections, room for mechanical equipment such as HVAC,			
	and allow for emergency response access.			
	2.5 m for buildings up to 11 m would reduce impact to neighbours and provide			
	area for pedestrian access where unit entries are on the side, better passage for residents to/from the rear yard with bikes, strollers etc.			

Appendix B: Provincial Recommendations Consideration Table

	Provincial Recommendations		Staff Recommendations for Residential Corridor Zone	
Regulation	Small lot (less than 1,215m²) Site Standards B	Mid-size lot (1,215m² – 4,050m²) Site Standards C	Small lots =280m ² or less Mid-size lots >280-1,000 m ² Large lots >1,000m ²	
	. A slightly higher setback of 4.5 m for vehicle access is recommended than the neighbourhood zone given the higher density and access/egress from busier roadways.			
Maximum Height	11m	11m	11 m / 3 storeys	
Comment	11 m meets provincial recommendation for missing middle developments while also mitigating against overly-large single family dwellings			
Maximum No. Storeys	3	3	3 storeys	
Comment	Current regulations do not specify the number of storeys Adding as a new regulation would be consistent with the provincial recommendations			
Maximum Lot Coverage	50%	40%	Dependent upon the number of units 1-2 units / 35% 3-4 units / 45% 5-8 units / 50%	
Comment	Current lot coverages range for 30% with additional 10% for cottages, to 50% Increase lot coverage provisions if there are 3 or more units			
Off-street Parking	1/unit²	1/unit²	1/unit	
Comment	Meets provincial recommendations for areas that do not have bus frequency			
Additional Regulations Not Mandated for Consideration				
Building separation – existing	Delete building separation regulations from the zoning bylaw and rely on the BCBC to address separation			
Floor Area Ratio - existing	Retain FAR as a key density regulation Like lot coverage, scale up the permitted FAR based on number of units 0.65 for 1-2 units, 0.7 for 5-6 units, 0.75 for 7-8 units. Current regulations are generally 0.45 or 0.5			

 $^{^2}$ Where a site within 800 m of a transit stop with a minimum frequency then a mx of 0.5 applies. No bus routes in Central Saanich currently meet the threshold

Appendix B: Provincial Recommendations Consideration Table

	Provincial Recommendations		Staff Recommendations for Residential Corridor Zone
Regulation	Small lot (less than 1,215m ²)	Mid-size lot (1,215m ² – 4,050m ²)	Small lots =280m ² or less Mid-size lots >280-1,000 m ² Large lots >1,000m ²
	Site Standards B	Site Standards C	,
Side Lot Exterior - existing	Retain 4.5 m for sight lines Consistent with MOTI guidelines for structures		
Maximum gross floor area - existing	Include a max. 200m² for each dwelling unit (note 28m² /unit for a garage and basement are excluded). 200m² (2,152ft²) would provide a good size duplex or townhouse unit.		
Minimum frontage for subdivision - existing	Current regulations range from 10 to 26m 22 m should allow for 2 parking spaces (7.3 m x 2) with curb flares and a driveway (min. 6 m for 2-way traffic)		
Minimum lot area for subdivision – existing	1,000 m ² Larger than 780m ² that applies to the most common R-1 zone to discourage subdivision and encourage land assemblies for medium density		
Detached accessory dwellings –	Future subdivisions are anticipated to be predominantly building stratas Within the Urban Containment Boundary these would simply be a detached dwelling with the permitted floor area determined for the entire property that can be		
existing	split between the units in a variety of ways. References with the zone would be removed, however general regulations would still be valid to address rural /agricultural lands.		
Number of Residential Buildings - new	2 – encourages more multi-plexes/ small apartments/ townhouse blocks than a series of duplexes or detached units. It would cluster massing and encourage building upward to retain open space.		
Min. Lot Area for Soft Landscaping – new	New regulation to ensure green spaces for vegetation/trees, soils for permeability, and small areas for biodiversity 20% would apply to the corridor zone		
Permitted Housing Forms – new	Support a range of typologies excluding single family dwellings as we encourage slightly higher density along transit corridors than in neighbourhoods. This would support a transition away from SFD's or encourage their conversion to at least 3 dwellings in the future.		
Number of dwelling units – new	Given the range of lot sizes in the District, allow for more than 4 dwellings on properties larger than 800m² and avoid a need to subdivide to achieve additional housing units. that could result in more intensive infill developments, and it would support a greater range of missing middle housing types on larger lots while retaining a compatible build out density with smaller lots. This would also encourage the retention of larger lots and improve opportunities for site adaptive planning, cluster buildings, improve tree retention, have more efficient parking layouts, consider areas for environmental protection, and have area for well-designed outdoor living space.		
Density Bonus – new	Include a +1 unit bonus where designed and maintained as a fully accessible unit secured by covenant		